SAFETY DATA SHEET



Sotalol Hydrochloride

Section 1. Identification		
Product identifier	: Sotalol Hydrochloride	
Chemical name	: 4'-(1-hydroxy-2-isopropylaminoethyl)methanesulphonanilide hydrochloride	
Other means of identification	 Sotalol, hydrochloride; Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[1-hydroxy-2-[(1-methylethyl) amino]ethyl]phenyl]-, monohydrochloride; 4'-(1-hydroxy-2-isopropylaminoethyl) methanesulfonanilide hydrochloride; Methanesulfonanilide, 4'-(1-hydroxy-2- (isopropylamino)ethyl)-, monohydrochloride; SOTALOL 	
Product type	: Solid.	
Product part number	: R7554	
Kit name	: EarlyTox™ Cardiotoxicity Kit	
Kit part number	: Explorer (R8210) / Bulk (R8211)	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: For R&D use only.	
Area of application	: Professional applications.	
Manufacturer	: MOLECULAR DEVICES, LLC 3860 N First Street San Jose, CA 95134 USA	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: msdsinquiry@moldev.com	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300 (USA/Canada), +1 703-527-3887 (Outside USA/Canada)	
Section 2. Hazard identification		

Classification of the substance or mixture	: H315 H319 H335	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

<u>GHS I</u>	<u>abei</u>	elen	<u>nents</u>
Haza	ird p	ictog	grams



Signal word	
Hazard statements	

: Warning

: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazard identification

Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P261 - Avoid breathing dust. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	 P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. P302 + P352 + P362+P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Substance
Chemical name	: 4'-(1-hydroxy-2-isopropylaminoethyl)methanesulphonanilide hydrochloride
Other means of identification	: Sotalol, hydrochloride; Methanesulfonamide, N-[4-[1-hydroxy-2-[(1-methylethyl) amino]ethyl]phenyl]-, monohydrochloride; 4'-(1-hydroxy-2-isopropylaminoethyl) methanesulfonanilide hydrochloride; Methanesulfonanilide, 4'-(1-hydroxy-2- (isopropylamino)ethyl)-, monohydrochloride; SOTALOL

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : 959-24-0

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
4'-(1-hydroxy-2-isopropylaminoethyl)methanesulphonanilide hydrochloride	100	959-24-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary fi	irst aid measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may
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Section 4. First-aid measures

	be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

most important symptoms/e	sneets, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>otoms</u>		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Control parameters

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: -20°C (-4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure lim None.	<u>its</u>
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Solid. [Powder.]
Color	1	White.
Odor	1	Odorless.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	1	Not available.
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	Not available.
Flash point	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Non-flammable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	Not available.
Solubility	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	0.24
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Dynamic (room temperature): Not applicable. Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	1	Not available.
Molecular weight	:	308.86 g/mole

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	I	Γ	1	
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
4'-(1-hydroxy- 2-isopropylaminoethyl) methanesulphonanilide hydrochloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	3450 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: Not available.			
Eyes	: Not available.			
Respiratory	: Not available.			
Sensitization				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: Not available.			
Respiratory	: Not available.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
<u>Teratogenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>			

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name			Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4'-(1-hydroxy-2-isopropylami methanesulphonanilide hydro			Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxicit	ty (<u>repeated exposure)</u>			
Not available.					
Aspiration hazard Not available.					
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipate	d: Oral, Derma	I, Inhalation.	
Potential acute health effects	2				
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritat	ion.		
Inhalation	:	May cause respiratory irrit	tation.		
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation.			
Ingestion	:	No known significant effect	cts or critical ha	azards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	vsic	al, chemical and toxicolo	ogical characte	eristics	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may ir pain or irritation watering redness	nclude the follo	wing:	
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may in respiratory tract irritation coughing	nclude the follo	wing:	
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may in irritation redness	nclude the follo	wing:	
Ingestion	:	No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effect	ts :	and also chronic effects	from short and	d long term exposur	e
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>			
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.			
General	:	No known significant effect	cts or critical ha	azards.	
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effect	cts or critical ha	azards.	
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
4'-(1-hydroxy- 2-isopropylaminoethyl) methanesulphonanilide hydrochloride	0.24	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

 Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times com with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incinerate landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spille material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI

- : This material is not listed.
- **CEPA** Toxic substances
- : This material is not listed.
- Canada inventory
- : This material is listed or exempted.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

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Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
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Prepared by	: Sphera Solutions
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment

References

: HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.