SAFETY DATA SHEET



ScanLater Protein Ladder

Section 1. Identification			
Product name	: ScanLater Protein Ladder		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Product part number	: R7576		
Kit name	: ScanLater Protein Ladder		
Kit part number	: R8220		
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: For R&D use only.		
Area of application	: Professional applications.		
Manufacturer	: MOLECULAR DEVICES, LLC 3860 N First Street San Jose, CA 95134 USA		
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: msdsinquiry@moldev.com		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300 (USA/Canada), +1 703-527-3887 (Outside USA/Canada)		

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification			
Classification of the substance or mixture	: H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms	:		
Signal word	: DANGER		
Hazard statements	: H318 - Cause	es serious eye damage.	
Precautionary statement	t <u>s</u>		
Prevention	: P280 - Wear	eye or face protection.	
Response	minutes. Rer	+ P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several nove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	

	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	
Storage	: Not applicable.	
Disposal	: Not applicable.	
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.	

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Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
glycerol Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt, hydrate (1:4:4)	≥60 - ≤75 ≤10	56-81-5 13235-36-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

rioduatione for date mananing	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
glycerol		Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Appropriate engineering controls	enclosures, local exhaust v	dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process entilation or other engineering controls to keep worker minants below any recommended or statutory limits.		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the require cases, fume scrubbers, filte	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measured	res			
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques sho	I face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before the lavatory and at the end of the working period. build be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Ig before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is gases or dusts. If contact is unless the assessment indi	with an approved standard should be used when a risk s necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, s possible, the following protection should be worn, cates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	be worn at all times when h this is necessary. Consider check during use that the g should be noted that the tin different for different glove	ious gloves complying with an approved standard should andling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates ring the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, loves are still retaining their protective properties. It ne to breakthrough for any glove material may be manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of otection time of the gloves cannot be accurately		
Body protection		ent for the body should be selected based on the task sks involved and should be approved by a specialist t.		
Other skin protection		ny additional skin protection measures should be being performed and the risks involved and should be fore handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or cer	otential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the tification. Respirators must be used according to a am to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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рН	: 7				
Odour threshold	: Not availa	ıble.			
Odour	: Odourless	3.			
Colour	: Colourles	S.			
Physical state	: Liquid. [C	lear.]			
Appearance					

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

•		· ·
Melting point	1	0°C (32°F)
Boiling point	1	100°C (212°F)
Flash point	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	1	Not available.
Density	1	1 g/cm³
Solubility	:	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.0066 cm²/s (0.66 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials, acids and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Product/ingredient name Result **Species** Dose Exposure Rabbit glycerol LD50 Dermal >18700 mg/kg -LD50 Oral Rat 12600 mg/kg -**Conclusion/Summary**

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
glycerol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		mg 24 hours 500	
		TADDIC	-	mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	4	Į	Į		ł
Skin	: Not available.				
Eyes	: Not available.				
Respiratory	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: Not available.				
Respiratory	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>				
Not available.					
Specific target organ toxici Not available.	<u>ty (repeated exposure)</u>				
Aspiration hazard					
Not available.					
nformation on likely routes f exposure	: Routes of entry antio	cipated: Oral, Der	mal, Inhalatio	n.	
otential acute health effect	<u>s</u>				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye	damage.			
Inhalation	: No known significan	t effects or critical	l hazards.		
Skin contact	: No known significan	t effects or critical	l hazards.		
Ingestion	: No known significan	t effects or critica	l hazards.		
ymptoms related to the phy		-			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms pain	may include the fo	ollowing:		
	watering				
	redness				
Inhalation	: No specific data.				
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms	may include the fo	ollowing:		
	pain or irritation				
	redness				
	blistering may occur	•			

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Ingestion

Section 11. Toxicological information

	Ĵ	stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effec	ts	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
ScanLater Protein Ladder glycerol Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt, hydrate (1:4:4)	4600.8 12600 500	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	22.4 N/A N/A

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
glycerol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
glycerol	-1.76	-	low

Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. ٤. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA				
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.				
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-				
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-				
Packing group	-	-	-	-				
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.				

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AICS) : Not determined.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
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Prepared by	: Sphera Solutions
Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1		Calculation method	
References	: Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011, as amn Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous C Work Australia Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Go	hemicals, Code of Practice, Safe	

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG), National Transport Commission

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V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.